

MPM2D - Exam Review Package - Solutions

1.	Expression	Degree	Type of Polynomial
a)	$3x^2 - 2x$	2	binomial
	$4a^2b^3$	5	monomial
	$8 + 2x^4y^4 + 3x^3y^3$	8	trinomial
	$4x^5y - 2x^3y^2 + x^2y^3 + 4$	6	polynomial

2. $(6y - 2) + (2y + 8)$
 $= 6y - 2 + 2y + 8$
 $= 8y + 6$

b) $(8 + 6x) - (9 + x)$
 $= 8 + 6x - 9 - x$
 $= -1 + 5x$

c. $(3x^2 + 2x - 6) + (2x^2 - 4x + 7)$
 $= 3x^2 + 2x - 6 + 2x^2 - 4x + 7$
 $= 5x^2 - 2x + 1$

d) $(5a^2b + 2ab - 3b^2) - (6a^2b - 3ab + b^2)$
 $= 5a^2b + 2ab - 3b^2 - 6a^2b + 3ab - b^2$
 $= -a^2b + 5ab - 4b^2$

e. $(3ab)(-2ab^2)(2a^3)$
 $= 3(-2)(2)(a)(a)(a^3)(b)(b^2)$
 $= -12a^5b^3$

f) $(-6x^2yz)(-5y^3z)$
 $= (-6)(-5)(x^2)(y)(y^3)(z)(z)$
 $= 30x^2y^4z^2$

g. $\frac{-21x^2y^2z}{-7xy^2z}$
 $= 3x$

h) $\frac{32p^2q^4}{8p^2q^3}$
 $= 4q$

3a. $4m(m^2 - mn - n^2) - 2n(6m^2 + mn + 4n^2)$
 $= 4m^3 - 4m^2n - 4mn^2 - 12m^2n - 2mn^2 - 8n^3$
 $= 4m^3 - 16m^2n - 6mn^2 - 8n^3$

$$\begin{aligned}
 3b. \quad & 2(m-3)(m+8) \\
 & = 2(m^2 + 8m - 3m - 24) \\
 & = 2(m^2 + 5m - 24) \\
 & = 2m^2 + 10m - 48
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 c) \quad & 3(6x-2y)(2x-3y) \\
 & = 3(12x^2 - 18xy - 4xy + 6y^2) \\
 & = 3(12x^2 - 22xy + 6y^2) \\
 & = 36x^2 - 66xy + 18y^2
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 d. \quad & (y-4)(y-3) - (y-2)(y-5) \\
 & = (y^2 - 3y - 4y + 12) - (y^2 - 5y - 2y + 10) \\
 & = (y^2 - 7y + 12) - (y^2 - 7y + 10) \\
 & = y^2 - 7y + 12 - y^2 + 7y - 10 \\
 & = 2
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 e) \quad & 6(m-2)(m+3) - 3(3m-4) \\
 & = 6(m^2 + 3m - 2m - 6) - 9m + 12 \\
 & = 6m^2 + 18m - 12m - 36 - 9m + 12 \\
 & = 6m^2 - 3m - 24
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 f. \quad & (x+4)^2 \\
 & = (x+4)(x+4) \\
 & = x^2 + 4x + 4x + 16 \\
 & = x^2 + 8x + 16
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 g. \quad & (y-7)^2 \\
 & = (y-7)(y-7) \\
 & = y^2 - 7y - 7y + 49 \\
 & = y^2 - 14y + 49
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 h. \quad & (x-5)(x+5) \\
 & = x^2 + 5x - 5x - 25 \\
 & = x^2 - 25
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 i. \quad & (5m+2n)(5m-2n) \\
 & = 25m^2 - 10mn + 10mn - 4n^2 \\
 & = 25m^2 - 4n^2
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 j) \quad & 3(2b-1)^2 - 2(4b-5)^2 \\
 & = 3(2b-1)(2b-1) - 2(4b-5)(4b-5) \\
 & = 3(4b^2 - 2b - 2b + 1) - 2(16b^2 - 20b - 20b + 25) \\
 & = 3(4b^2 - 4b + 1) - 2(16b^2 - 40b + 25) \\
 & = 12b^2 - 12b + 3 - 32b^2 + 80b - 50 \\
 & = -20b^2 + 68b - 47
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 k. \quad & 4x^2 - (2-3x)^2 + 6(2x-1)(2x+1) \\
 & = 4x^2 - (2-3x)(2-3x) + 6(2x-1)(2x+1) \\
 & = 4x^2 - (4 - 6x - 6x + 9x^2) + 6(4x^2 + 2x - 2x - 1) \\
 & = 4x^2 - 4 + 6x + 6x - 9x^2 + 24x^2 + 12x - 12x - 6 \\
 & = 19x^2 + 12x - 10
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 l. \quad & -5(x-6)^2 - 8 \\
 & = -5(x-6)(x-6) - 8 \\
 & = -5(x^2 - 6x - 6x + 36) - 8 \\
 & = -5x^2 + 30x + 30x - 180 - 8 \\
 & = -5x^2 + 60x - 188
 \end{aligned}$$

4. Eq ⁿ	Vertex	Dirac ⁿ of Opening	Eq ⁿ of Axis of Symmetry	Max or Min Point	Max or Min Value
$y = (x+3)^2 - 2$	$(-3, -2)$	up	$x = -3$	min	$y = -2$
$y = -(x-4)^2 - 3$	$(4, -3)$	down	$x = 4$	max	$y = -3$
$y = 2(x-1)^2 + 1$	$(1, 1)$	up	$x = 1$	min	$y = 1$
$y = -\frac{1}{2}(x+6)^2 + 5$	$(-6, 5)$	down	$x = -6$	max	$y = 5$

5. Eq ⁿ	Domain	Range
$y = (x+3)^2 - 2$	$D = \{x \in \mathbb{R}\}$	$R = \{y \geq -2, y \in \mathbb{R}\}$
$y = -(x-4)^2 - 3$	$D = \{x \in \mathbb{R}\}$	$R = \{y \leq -3, y \in \mathbb{R}\}$
$y = 2(x-1)^2 + 1$	$D = \{x \in \mathbb{R}\}$	$R = \{y \geq 1, y \in \mathbb{R}\}$
$y = -\frac{1}{2}(x+6)^2 + 5$	$D = \{x \in \mathbb{R}\}$	$R = \{y \leq 5, y \in \mathbb{R}\}$

6. $V(3, -1)$
 VS x^2
 opens \downarrow

$$y = a(x-h)^2 + k$$

$$= -2(x-3)^2 - 1$$

7. $V(2, 1)$
 opens \downarrow
 over 1, turn 1 } normal
 over 2, turn 4 } step pattern

$$y = a(x-h)^2 + k$$

$$= -(x-2)^2 + 1$$

8. $50r^2 - 72$
 $= 2(25r^2 - 36)$
 $= 2(5r-6)(5r+6)$

b. $2ax + 10ay - 8az$
 $= 2a(x+5y-4z)$

c. $3x^3y^2 - 12x^2y^3 + 18x^2y + 15xy^2$
 $= 3xy(x^2y - 4xy^2 + 6x + 5y)$

$$d. 3x(y-z) - 2(y-z) \\ = (y-z)(3x-2)$$

$$e) 4x(r+b) - (r+b) \\ = (r+b)(4x-1)$$

$$f. x^2 - 5x + 6 \quad P=6 \quad S=-5 \\ = (x-2)(x-3) \quad -2, -3$$

$$g) a^2 + 6a + 5 \quad P=5 \quad S=-6 \\ = (a+5)(a+1) \quad 5, 1$$

$$h. x^2 - 5x - 66 \quad P=-66 \quad S=5 \\ = (x-11)(x+6) \quad -11, 6$$

$$i) m^2 + 12m + 32 \quad P=32 \quad S=12 \\ = (m+8)(m+4) \quad 8, 4$$

$$j. 4x^2 - 16x - 48 \\ = 4(x^2 - 4x - 12) \quad P=-12 \quad S=-4 \\ = 4(x-6)(x+2) \quad -6, 2$$

$$k) 2x^2 - 16x - 66 \\ = 2(x^2 - 8x - 33) \quad P=-33 \quad S=-8 \\ = 2(x-11)(x+3) \quad -11, 3$$

$$l. 3y^2 + y - 4 \quad P=-12 \quad S=1 \\ = (3y+4)(y-1) \quad 4, -3$$

$$m) 20x^2 - 7x - 6 \quad P=-120 \quad S=-7 \\ = (4x+1)(5x-3) \quad 5, -12$$

$$n. 18y^2 + 15y - 18 \quad P=-324 \quad S=15 \\ = (9y-6)(2y+3) \quad 27, -12 \\ = 3(3y-2)(2y+3)$$

$$o) 8m^2 + 6m - 20 \quad P=-40 \quad S=3 \\ = 2(4m^2 + 3m - 10) \\ = 2(4m-5)(m+2) \quad -5, 2$$

$$p. 15x^2 - 13x - 2 \quad P=-30 \quad S=-13 \\ = (15x+2)(x-1) \quad -15, 2$$

$$q) 9x^2 + 3x - 20 \quad P=-180 \quad S=3 \\ = (3x+5)(3x-4) \quad -12, 15$$

$$r. x^2 - 25 \\ = (x-5)(x+5)$$

$$s) 49 - 64m^2 \\ = (7-8m)(7+8m)$$

$$t) 81x^2 - 121 \\ = (9x-11)(9x+11)$$

$$u. 16a^2 + 40a + 25 \\ = (4a+5)(4a+5)$$

$$v) 4x^2 - 36 \\ = 4(x^2 - 9) \\ = 4(x-3)(x+3)$$

$$w) 36x^2 - 81y^2 \\ = (6x-9y)(6x+9y) \\ = 3(2x-3y)3(2x+3y) \\ = 9(2x-3y)(2x+3y)$$

1, 324
2, 162
3, 108
4, 81
6, 54
9, 36
12, 27

$$\begin{aligned}
 9a. \quad y &= 3x^2 - 18x + 1 \\
 &= 3(x^2 - 6x) + 1 \\
 &= 3(x^2 - 3x - 3x + 9) + 1 \\
 &= 3(x^2 - 3x - 3x + 9) - 27 + 1 \\
 &= 3(x-3)^2 - 26
 \end{aligned}$$

min of $y = -26$
when $x = 3$

$$\begin{aligned}
 b) \quad y &= -4x^2 - 32x - 11 \\
 &= -4(x^2 + 8x) - 11 \\
 &= -4(x^2 + 4x + 4x + 16 - 16) - 11 \\
 &= -4(x^2 + 4x + 4x + 16) + 64 - 11 \\
 &= -4(x+4)^2 + 53
 \end{aligned}$$

max of $y = 53$
when $x = -4$

$$\begin{aligned}
 c) \quad y &= -7x^2 + 84x + 19 \\
 &= -7(x^2 - 12x) + 19 \\
 &= -7(x^2 - 6x - 6x + 36) + 19 \\
 &= -7(x^2 - 6x - 6x + 36) + 252 + 19 \\
 &= -7(x-6)^2 + 271
 \end{aligned}$$

max of $y = 271$
when $x = 6$

$$\begin{aligned}
 d) \quad y &= 4x^2 - 40x + 7 \\
 &= 4(x^2 - 10x) + 7 \\
 &= 4(x^2 - 5x - 5x + 25 - 25) + 7 \\
 &= 4(x^2 - 5x - 5x + 25) - 100 + 7 \\
 &= 4(x-5)^2 - 93
 \end{aligned}$$

min of $y = -93$
when $x = 5$

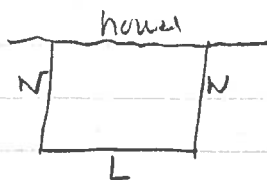
$$\begin{aligned}
 10. \quad 3(x-7)^2 - 15 &= 0 \\
 \frac{3(x-7)^2}{3} &= \frac{15}{3} \\
 (x-7)^2 &= 5 \\
 \sqrt{(x-7)^2} &= \sqrt{5}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 x-7 &= \pm 2.24 \\
 x-7 &= 2.24 \quad x-7 = -2.24 \\
 x_1 &= 9.24 \quad x_2 = 4.76
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 b) \quad 2x^2 + 4x - 30 &= 0 \quad p = -60, s = 4 \\
 (2x+10)(x-3) &= 0 \quad 10, -6 \\
 2(x+5)(x-3) &= 0 \\
 x_1 &= 5 \quad x_2 = 3
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 c) \quad 3x^2 - 2x - 11 &= x^2 - 5x \\
 3x^2 - x^2 - 2x + 5x - 11 &= 0 \quad p = -22, s = 3 \\
 2x^2 + 3x - 11 &= 0 \\
 x &= \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a} \\
 &= \frac{-3 \pm \sqrt{(3)^2 - 4(2)(-11)}}{2(2)} \\
 &= \frac{-3 \pm \sqrt{9 + 88}}{4} \\
 x_1 &= \frac{-3 + \sqrt{97}}{4} \quad x_2 = \frac{-3 - \sqrt{97}}{4} \\
 x_1 &\approx 11.71 \quad x_2 \approx -3.21
 \end{aligned}$$

11.

let W & L be the dimensions.

$$A = LW$$

$$= (18 - 2W)(W)$$

$$= 18W - 2W^2$$

$$= -2W^2 + 18W$$

$$W = \frac{-b}{2a}$$

$$= \frac{-18}{2(-2)}$$

$$= 4.5 \text{ m}$$

$$L = 18 - 2W$$

$$= 18 - 2(4.5)$$

$$= 18 - 9$$

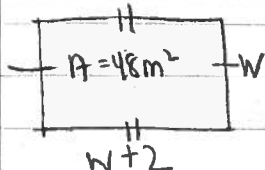
$$= 9 \text{ m}$$

$$18 = 2W + L$$

$$18 - 2W = L$$

\therefore The garden should be 9m by 4.5m.

12.

let W and $W+2$ be the dimensions

$$A = LW$$

$$48 = (W+2)(W)$$

$$48 = W^2 + 2W$$

$$0 = W^2 + 2W - 48$$

$$0 = (W+8)(W-6)$$

$$W = -8 \quad W = 6$$

↓
imp

$$L = W + 2$$

$$= 6 + 2$$

$$= 8$$

\therefore The dimensions are 6m by 8m.

13.

let x , $x+1$, and $x+2$ be the integers.

$$(x)^2 + (x+1)^2 + (x+2)^2 = 77$$

$$x^2 + (x+1)(x+1) + (x+2)(x+2) = 77$$

$$x^2 + x^2 + 2x + 1 + x^2 + 2x + 4 = 77$$

$$3x^2 + 4x + 5 = 77$$

$$3x^2 + 4x - 72 = 0$$

$$3(x^2 + 2x - 24) = 0$$

$$3(x+6)(x-4) = 0$$

$$x_1 = -6 \quad x_2 = 4$$

$$x = -6$$

$$x = 4$$

$$x+1 = -5$$

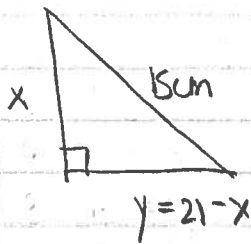
$$x+1 = 5$$

$$x+2 = -4$$

$$x+2 = 6$$

\therefore The #s are 4, 5, 6 and -4, -5, -6.

14.



$$x + y = 21$$

$$y = 21 - x$$

Let x and $21 - x$ be the side lengths.

$$a^2 + b^2 = c^2$$

$$x^2 + (21 - x)^2 = 15^2$$

$$x^2 + x^2 - 42x + 441 = 225$$

$$2x^2 - 42x + 216 = 0$$

$$2(x^2 - 21x + 108) = 0$$

$$2(x - 12)(x - 9) = 0$$

$$(21 - x)(21 - x)$$

$$= 441 - 21x - 21x + x^2$$

$$= x^2 - 42x + 441$$

$$p = 108 \quad s = -21$$

$$= 12, 9$$

$$x = 12$$

$$x = 9$$

$$x = 12 \quad x = 9$$

$$y = 21 - x$$

$$y = 21 - x$$

$$= 21 - 12$$

$$= 21 - 9$$

$$= 9$$

$$= 12$$

\therefore The side lengths are 9 cm and 12 cm.

15. Let x , $x+2$, and $x+4$ be the #s.

$$(x)^2 + (x+2)^2 + (x+4)^2 = 875$$

$$x^2 + (x+2)(x+2) + (x+4)(x+4) = 875$$

$$x^2 + x^2 + 2x + 2x + 4 + x^2 + 4x + 4x + 16 = 0$$

$$3x^2 + 12x + 20 - 875 = 0$$

$$3x^2 + 12x - 855 = 0$$

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

$$= \frac{-12 \pm \sqrt{(12)^2 - 4(3)(-855)}}{2(3)}$$

$$= \frac{-12 \pm \sqrt{144 + 10260}}{6}$$

$$= \frac{-12 \pm \sqrt{10404}}{6}$$

$$x_1 = \frac{-12 + \sqrt{10404}}{6} \quad x_2 = \frac{-12 - \sqrt{10404}}{6}$$

$$x_1 = 15$$

$$x_2 = -19$$

$$x+2 = 17$$

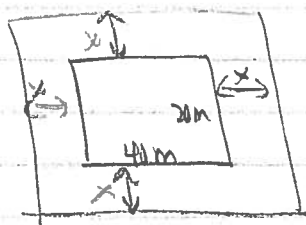
$$x+2 = -17$$

$$x+4 = 19$$

$$x+4 = -15$$

\therefore The #s are 15, 17, 19 and -15, -17, -19.

16.



Let x be the uniform width added on each side.

$$\begin{aligned} A_i &= LW \\ &= 40(20) \\ &= 800 \text{ m}^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} A_T &= 2A_i \\ &= 2(800) \\ &= 1600 \text{ m}^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} A_T &= LW \\ 1600 &= (40+2x)(20+2x) \\ 1600 &= 800 + 80x + 40x + 4x^2 \\ 0 &= 4x^2 + 120x - 800 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} x &= \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a} \\ &= \frac{-120 \pm \sqrt{(120)^2 - 4(4)(-800)}}{2(4)} \\ &= \frac{-120 \pm \sqrt{14400 + 12800}}{8} \end{aligned}$$

\therefore The uniform width is 5.62m.

$$\begin{aligned} x_1 &= \frac{-120 + \sqrt{27200}}{8} & x_2 &= \frac{-120 - \sqrt{27200}}{8} \\ x_1 &= 5.62 & x_2 &= -35.62 \\ & & & \downarrow \text{imp.} \end{aligned}$$

17. $P = -2x^2 + 20x - 42$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{a) } x &= \frac{-b}{2a} \\ &= \frac{-20}{2(-2)} \\ &= \frac{-20}{-4} \\ &= 5 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{b) } P &= -2x^2 + 20x - 42 \\ &= -2(5)^2 + 20(5) - 42 \\ &= -2(25) + 100 - 42 \\ &= -50 + 100 - 42 \\ &= 8 \end{aligned}$$

\therefore 800 000 will be the profit

\therefore 500 000 pairs of shoes.

$$18 \quad h = -4.9(t-2)^2 + 18$$

a) max height is 18m.

b) max height reached at 2 seconds.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{c) } t=0 \quad h &= -4.9(t-2)^2 + 25 \\ &= -4.9(0-2)^2 + 25 \\ &= -4.9(-2)^2 + 25 \\ &= -4.9(4) + 25 \\ &= -19.6 + 25 \\ &= 5.4 \text{ m} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{d. } h=0 \quad h &= -4.9(t-2)^2 + 25 \\ 0 &= -4.9(t-2)^2 + 25 \\ -25 &= -4.9(t-2)^2 \\ \frac{-25}{-4.9} &= \frac{-4.9(t-2)^2}{-4.9} \\ 5.10 &= (t-2)^2 \\ \sqrt{5.10} &= \sqrt{(t-2)^2} \\ \pm 2.26 &= t-2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} t-2 &= 2.26 & t-2 &= -2.26 \\ t &= 4.26 & t &= -0.26 \\ & & \downarrow & \text{imp} \end{aligned}$$

\therefore lunch at 4.26 seconds

$$19. \quad y = -0.00875x^2 + 0.1775x + 13$$

$$\text{a) } x = \frac{-b}{2a}$$

$$= \frac{-0.1775}{2(-0.00875)}$$

$$= 44.29 \text{ miles per hr}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{b) } y &= -0.00875(44.29)^2 + 0.1775(44.29) + 13 \\ &= -17.16403588 + 34.32475 + 13 \\ &= 30.16071412 \end{aligned}$$

$$y = 30.16 \text{ miles per gallon.}$$

$$20. (x-2)(x+7) = 0$$

$$x_1 = 2 \quad x_2 = -7$$

$$b) 6x^2 - 7x - 3 = 0$$

$$(2x-3)(3x+1) = 0$$

$$x_1 = 3/2 \quad x_2 = -1/3$$

$$p = -18 \quad S = -7$$

$$-9, 2$$

$$2x-3=0 \quad 3x+1=0$$

$$2x=3 \quad 3x=-1$$

$$x=3/2 \quad x=-1/3$$

$$c) 7x^2 - 35x = 0$$

$$7x(x-5) = 0$$

$$x_1 = 0 \quad x_2 = 5$$

$$d) (2x+5)(2x+5) = 0$$

$$x = -5/2$$

$$e) x^2 - 6x + 8 = 0$$

$$(x-4)(x-2) = 0$$

$$x_1 = 4 \quad x_2 = 2$$

$$f) 6x^2 = x + 35$$

$$6x^2 - x - 35 = 0$$

$$(2x-5)(3x+7) = 0$$

$$x_1 = 5/2 \quad x_2 = -7/3$$

$$p = -210 \quad S = -1$$

$$14, -15$$

$$g) \frac{5x^2}{4} - 5 = \frac{15x}{4}$$

$$5x^2 - 20 = 15x$$

$$5x^2 - 15x - 20 = 0$$

$$5(x^2 - 3x - 4) = 0$$

$$5(x-4)(x+1) = 0$$

$$x_1 = 4 \quad x_2 = -1$$

$$h) x^2 - 8x + 12 = 0$$

$$(x-6)(x-2) = 0$$

$$x_1 = 6 \quad x_2 = 2$$

$$i) 3x^2 - 6x - 8 = 0$$

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

$$p = -24 \quad S = -6$$

$$= \frac{-(-6) \pm \sqrt{(-6)^2 - 4(3)(-8)}}{2(3)}$$

$$= \frac{6 \pm \sqrt{36 + 96}}{6}$$

$$x_1 = \frac{6 + \sqrt{132}}{6} \quad x_2 = \frac{6 - \sqrt{132}}{6}$$

$$x_1 = 2.91 \quad x_2 = -0.91$$

$$j) 4x^2 + 32x - 3 = 0 \quad p = -12 \quad S = 32$$

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

$$= \frac{-32 \pm \sqrt{(32)^2 - 4(4)(-3)}}{2(4)}$$

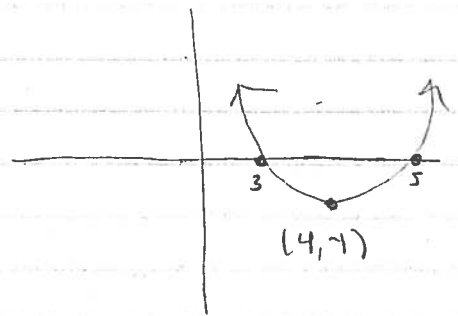
$$= \frac{-32 \pm \sqrt{1024 + 48}}{8}$$

$$x_1 = \frac{-32 + \sqrt{1072}}{8} \quad x_2 = \frac{-32 - \sqrt{1072}}{8}$$

$$x_1 = 0.09 \quad x_2 = -8.09$$

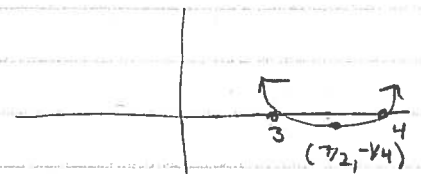
21a) $y = (x-3)(x-5)$
 $x_1 = 3 \quad x_2 = 5$

$x = \frac{3+5}{2} \quad y = (x-3)(x-5) \quad V(4, -1)$
 $= \frac{8}{2} \quad = (4-3)(4-5)$
 $= 4 \quad = 1(-1)$
 $= 4 \quad = -1$



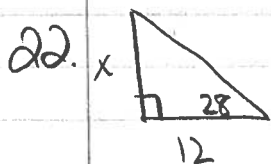
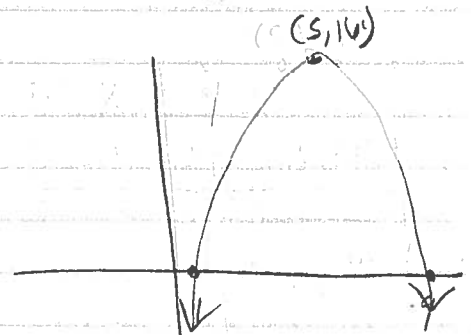
b) $y = x^2 - 7x + 12$
 $= (x-4)(x-3)$
 $x_1 = 4 \quad x_2 = 3$

$x = \frac{4+3}{2} \quad y = (x-4)(x-3) \quad V(7/2, -9/4)$
 $= \frac{7}{2} \quad = (7/2-4)(7/2-3)$
 $= \frac{7}{2} \quad = (7/2-8/2)(7/2-6/2)$
 $= \frac{7}{2} \quad = (-1/2)(1/2)$
 $= \frac{7}{2} \quad = -1/4$



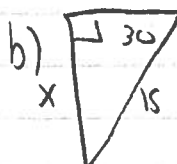
c) $y = -(x-1)(x-9)$
 $x_1 = 1 \quad x_2 = 9$

$x = \frac{1+9}{2} \quad y = -(x-1)(x-9) \quad V(5, 16)$
 $= \frac{10}{2} \quad = -(5-1)(5-9)$
 $= 5 \quad = -(4)(-4)$
 $= 5 \quad = -(-16)$
 $= 5 \quad = 16$



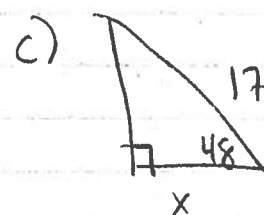
$\sin 28 = \frac{x}{12}$

$12 \sin 28 = x$
 $x = 5.63 \text{ m}$



$\sin 30 = \frac{x}{15}$

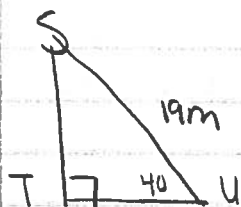
$15 \sin 30 = x$
 $x = 7.5 \text{ m}$



$\cos 48 = \frac{x}{17}$

$17 \cos 48 = x$
 $x = 11.38 \text{ m}$

23



$$\begin{aligned} S &= ? \\ T &= 90^\circ \\ U &= 40^\circ \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} S &= ? \\ t &= 19m \\ u &= ? \end{aligned}$$

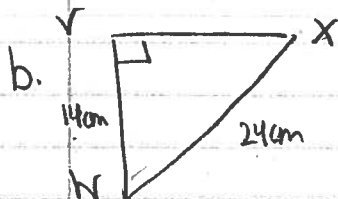
$$\begin{aligned} S &= 180 - 90 - 40 \\ &= 50^\circ \\ (\text{ASTT}) \end{aligned}$$

$$\cos 40 = \frac{s}{19}$$

$$\begin{aligned} s &= 19 \cos 40 \\ s &\doteq 14.55m \end{aligned}$$

$$\sin 40 = \frac{u}{19}$$

$$\begin{aligned} u &= 19 \sin 40 \\ u &\doteq 12.21m \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned} V &= 90^\circ \\ W &= ? \\ X &= ? \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} v &= 14cm \\ w &= ? \\ x &= 24cm \end{aligned}$$

$$x^2 + w^2 = v^2$$

$$14^2 + w^2 = 24^2$$

$$\begin{aligned} w^2 &= 576 - 196 \\ &= 380 \end{aligned}$$

$$w = \sqrt{380}$$

$$w \doteq 19.49cm$$

$$\sin X = \frac{14}{24}$$

$$X = \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{14}{24}\right)$$

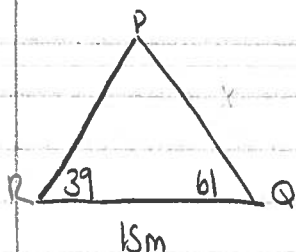
$$X \doteq 36^\circ$$

$$\cos W = \frac{14}{24}$$

$$W = \cos^{-1}\left(\frac{14}{24}\right)$$

$$W \doteq 54^\circ$$

24



$$\begin{aligned} P &= ? & p &= 15m \\ Q &= 61^\circ & q &= ? \\ R &= 39^\circ & r &= ? \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} P &= 180 - 61 - 39 \\ &= 80^\circ \\ (\text{ASTT}) \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{r}{\sin R} = \frac{p}{\sin P}$$

$$\frac{r}{\sin 39} = \frac{15}{\sin 80}$$

$$r = \frac{15 \sin 39}{\sin 80}$$

$$r \doteq 9.59m$$

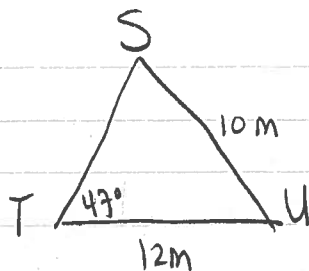
$$\frac{q}{\sin Q} = \frac{p}{\sin P}$$

$$\frac{q}{\sin 61} = \frac{15}{\sin 80}$$

$$q = \frac{15 \sin 61}{\sin 80}$$

$$q \doteq 13.32m$$

b.



$$\begin{aligned} S &= \\ T &= 47^\circ \\ U &= \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} S &= 12\text{m} \\ t &= 10\text{m} \\ u &= \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sin S}{s} = \frac{\sin T}{t}$$

$$\frac{\sin S}{12} = \frac{\sin 47}{10}$$

$$S = \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{12 \sin 47}{10}\right)$$

$$S = 61^\circ$$

$$U = 180 - 47 - 61 = 72^\circ$$

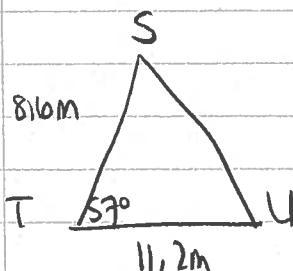
$$\frac{u}{\sin U} = \frac{t}{\sin T}$$

$$\frac{u}{\sin 72} = \frac{10}{\sin 47}$$

$$u = \frac{10 \sin 72}{\sin 47}$$

$$u = 13.00\text{m}$$

c.



$$\begin{aligned} S &= ? \\ T &= 57^\circ \\ U &= ? \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} S &= 11.2\text{m} \\ t &= ? \\ u &= 8.6\text{m} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} t^2 &= S^2 + u^2 - 2Su \cos T \\ &= (11.2)^2 + (8.6)^2 - 2(11.2)(8.6) \cos 57 \\ t &= \sqrt{199.4 - 192.64 \cos 57} \\ t &= 9.72\text{m} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sin S}{s} = \frac{\sin T}{t}$$

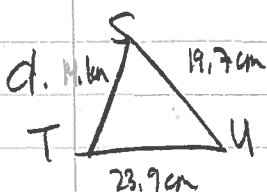
$$\frac{\sin S}{11.2} = \frac{\sin 57}{9.72}$$

$$S = \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{11.2 \sin 57}{9.72}\right)$$

$$S = 75^\circ$$

$$\begin{aligned} U &= 180 - 57 - 75 \\ &= 48^\circ \end{aligned}$$

(ASTT)



$$\begin{aligned} S &= ? & S &= 23.9\text{cm} \\ T &= ? & t &= 19.7\text{cm} \\ U &= ? & u &= 14.1\text{cm} \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\sin T}{t} = \frac{\sin S}{s}$$

$$\begin{aligned} U &= 180 - 88 - 55 \\ &= 37^\circ \end{aligned}$$

(ASTT)

$$\frac{\sin T}{19.7} = \frac{\sin 88}{23.9}$$

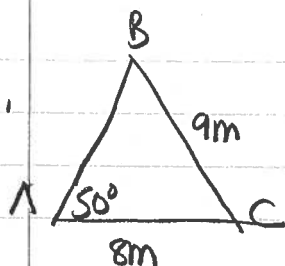
$$T = \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{19.7 \sin 88}{23.9}\right)$$

$$T = 55^\circ$$

$$\begin{aligned} S^2 &= t^2 + u^2 - 2tu \cos S \\ 23.9^2 &= (19.7)^2 + (14.1)^2 - 2(19.7)(14.1) \cos S \\ -15.69 &= -555.54 \cos S \\ -555.54 & \end{aligned}$$

$$S = \cos^{-1}\left(\frac{-15.69}{-555.54}\right) \Rightarrow S = 88^\circ$$

25.



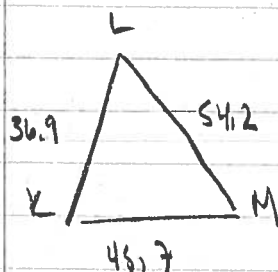
$$\frac{\sin B}{b} = \frac{\sin A}{a}$$

$$\frac{\sin B}{8} = \frac{\sin 50}{9}$$

$$B = \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{8 \sin 50}{9}\right)$$

$$B \approx 43^\circ$$

26.



$$k^2 = l^2 + m^2 - 2lm \cos K$$

$$(54.2)^2 = (45.7)^2 + (36.9)^2 - 2(45.7)(36.9) \cos K$$

$$2937.64 = 3450.1 - 3372.66 \cos K$$

$$\frac{-512.46}{-3372.66} = \frac{-3372.66 \cos K}{-3372.66}$$

$$K = \cos^{-1}\left(\frac{-512.46}{-3372.66}\right)$$

$$K \approx 81^\circ$$

27a. $3x + y = 17$ ①
 $2x - y = -2$ ②

b. $3x - 4y = 5$ ①
 $5x + 3y = -11$ ②

① + ② $\frac{5x}{5} = \frac{15}{5}$
 $x = 3$

① $\times 3$: $9x - 12y = 15$ ③
 ② $\times 4$: $20x + 12y = -44$ ④
 ③ + ④ $\frac{29x}{29} = \frac{-29}{29}$
 $x = -1$

Sub $x = 3$ into ①

$3(3) + y = 17$
 $9 + y = 17$
 $y = 17 - 9$
 $y = 8$

\therefore POI is (3, 8)

Sub $x = -1$ into ①

$3x - 4y = 5$
 $3(-1) - 4y = 5$
 $-3 - 4y = 5$
 $-4y = 8$
 $-4y = 8$
 $y = -2$

\therefore POI is
 (-1, -2)

27c. $\frac{x}{6} + \frac{y}{4} = 6$ (1)

$\frac{5x}{6} - \frac{y}{3} = 11$ (2)

(1) $\times 12$: $2x + 3y = 72$ (3)

(2) $\times 6$: $5x - 2y = 66$ (4)

(3) $\times 2$: $4x + 6y = 144$ (5)

(4) $\times 3$: $15x - 6y = 198$ (6)

(5) + (6): $\frac{19x}{19} = \frac{342}{19}$

$x = 18$

Sub $x = 18$ into (2)

$2x + 3y = 72$

$2(18) + 3y = 72$

$36 + 3y = 72$

$3y = 72 - 36$

$\frac{3y}{3} = \frac{36}{3}$

$y = 12$

\therefore POI is $(18, 12)$

28. let x be the # of 2kg bags of sugar.
" y " " " " " 4kg " " "

$x + y = 1100$ (1)

$2x + 4y = 2900$ (2)

b. let x be the # of cars washed
" y " " " " " vans "

$x + y = 86$ (1)

$5x + 6y = 475$ (2)

c.

$$\begin{array}{|c|} \hline x \\ \hline 0.30 \\ \hline 0.30x \\ \hline \end{array} + \begin{array}{|c|} \hline y \\ \hline 0.35 \\ \hline 0.35y \\ \hline \end{array} = \begin{array}{|c|} \hline 5 \\ \hline 0.33 \\ \hline 1.65 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

let x be the amt of 30% solⁿ used
" y " " " " " 35% " "

$x + y = 5$ (1)

$0.30x + 0.35y = 1.65$ (2)

d. let x be the # of chicken dinners prepared.
 " y " " " " beef " "

$$\begin{aligned} x + y &= 300 \\ 16x + 18y &= 5256 \end{aligned}$$

e. $\left[\begin{array}{r} 100\% \\ 1 \\ x \\ \hline x \end{array} \right] + \left[\begin{array}{r} 20\% \\ 0.2 \\ 18 \\ \hline 3.6 \end{array} \right] = \left[\begin{array}{r} 25\% \\ 0.25 \\ y \\ \hline 0.25y \end{array} \right]$

$$\begin{aligned} x + 18 &= y & (1) \\ x + 3.6 &= 0.25y & (2) \end{aligned}$$

29. $S(3, 8) \quad y = \frac{2}{7}x + \frac{18}{7}$

1) $m = 2/7$

2) $m_+ = -7/2$

3) $y = mx + b$

$8 = 7/2(3/1) + b$

$8 = -2 1/2 + b$

$b = 10 1/2 + 2 1/2$

$b = 37/2$

4) POI: $y = \frac{2}{7}x + \frac{18}{7}$ (1)

$y = -\frac{7}{2}x + \frac{37}{2}$ (2)

(1) $\times 7$: $7y = 2x + 18$ (3)

(2) $\times 2$: $2y = -7x + 37$ (4)

(3) $\times 7$: $49y = 14x + 126$ (5)

(4) $\times 2$: $4y = -14x + 74$ (6)

(5) + (6): $53y = \frac{200}{53}$

$y = \frac{200}{53}$

Sub $y = \frac{200}{53}$ into (3)

$7(\frac{200}{53}) = 2x + 18$

$\frac{1400}{53} - \frac{181}{1} = 2x$

$\frac{1400}{53} - \frac{954}{53} = 2x$

$\frac{446}{53} = 2x$

$\frac{446}{53} \cdot \frac{1}{2} = 2x \cdot \frac{1}{2}$

$\frac{446}{106} = x$

$x = \frac{223}{53}$

$S(3, 8)$

$P(\frac{223}{53}, \frac{200}{53})$

5) $L^2 = (x_2 - x_1)^2 + (y_2 - y_1)^2$

$= [\frac{223}{53} - \frac{3}{1}]^2 + [\frac{200}{53} - \frac{8}{1}]^2$

$= [\frac{223}{53} - \frac{159}{53}]^2 + [\frac{200}{53} - \frac{424}{53}]^2$

$= [\frac{64}{53}]^2 + [-\frac{224}{53}]^2$

$= \frac{4096}{2809} + \frac{50176}{2809}$

$= \frac{54272}{2809} \cdot \frac{1}{53}$

$= \frac{54272}{2809} \cdot \frac{1}{53}$

$L = \frac{1024}{53}$

$L = \sqrt{\frac{1024}{53}}$

$L = \sqrt{\frac{1024}{53}}$

$L = 4.40$ units

30. $(2, 9) \quad y = x - 1$

$(2, 9) \quad (6, 5)$

1) $m = 1 \Rightarrow m_{\perp} = -1$

4) $y = x - 1$ (1)

5) $L^2 = (x_2 - x_1)^2 + (y_2 - y_1)^2$

3) $y = mx + b$

$y = -x + 11$ (2)

$= [6 - 2]^2 + [5 - 9]^2$

$9 = 7(2) + b$

(1) + (2) $2y = 10$

$= (4)^2 + (-4)^2$

$9 = -2 + b$

$y = 5$

$= 16 + 16$

$11 = b$

Sub $y = 5$ into (1)

$= 32$

$y = -x + 11$

$5 = x - 1$

$L = \sqrt{32}$ units

$x = 6$

POI is $(6, 5)$

31. $L_{AB}^2 = (x_2 - x_1)^2 + (y_2 - y_1)^2$
 $= [3 - (-1)]^2 + [7 - (-5)]^2$
 $= (4)^2 + (12)^2$
 $= 16 + 144$

$L_{AB} = \sqrt{160}$ units

b) $L_{CD}^2 = (x_2 - x_1)^2 + (y_2 - y_1)^2$
 $= [6 - 0]^2 + [10 - 5]^2$
 $= (6)^2 + (5)^2$
 $= 36 + 25$

$L = \sqrt{61}$ units

32. Centre $(0, 0)$ Point $(3, 4)$

$x^2 + y^2 = r^2$

$(3)^2 + (4)^2 = r^2$

$9 + 16 = r^2$

$25 = r^2$

$r = 5$

$x^2 + y^2 = 25$

33. $M_{AB} = M\left(\frac{x_A + x_B}{2}, \frac{y_A + y_B}{2}\right)$ b) $M_{CD} = M\left(\frac{x_C + x_D}{2}, \frac{y_C + y_D}{2}\right)$

$= M\left(\frac{-6 + 4}{2}, \frac{2 + 8}{2}\right)$

$= M\left(\frac{-200 + 350}{2}, \frac{-100 + 600}{2}\right)$

$= M\left(-\frac{2}{2}, \frac{10}{2}\right)$

$= M\left(\frac{150}{2}, \frac{500}{2}\right)$

$= M(-1, 5)$

$= M(75, 250)$

34. $Mx = \frac{x_1 + x_2}{2}$ $My = \frac{y_1 + y_2}{2}$ b) $Mx = \frac{x_1 + x_2}{2}$ $My = \frac{y_1 + y_2}{2}$

$4 = \frac{9 + x_2}{2}$ $8 = \frac{-10 + y_2}{2}$ $10 = \frac{-9 + x_2}{2}$ $-3 = \frac{7 + y_2}{2}$

$8 = 9 + x_2$ $16 = -10 + y_2$ $20 = -9 + x_2$ $-6 = 7 + y_2$

$-1 = x_2$ $26 = y_2$ $29 = x_2$ $-13 = y_2$

$\therefore 1) (-1, 26)$ $\therefore D) (29, -13)$

35. $P(2, 3)$ $m_{PQ} = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$ $m_{QR} = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$ $m_{RS} = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$ $m_{PS} = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$

$Q(8, 5)$ $x_2 - x_1$ $x_2 - x_1$ $x_2 - x_1$ $x_2 - x_1$

$R(11, -4)$ $= \frac{5 - 3}{8 - 2}$ $= \frac{-4 - 5}{11 - 8}$ $= \frac{-4 - (-6)}{11 - 5}$ $= \frac{-6 - 3}{5 - 2}$

$S(5, -6)$ $= \frac{2}{6}$ $= \frac{-9}{3}$ $= \frac{2}{6}$ $= \frac{-9}{3}$

$= \frac{1}{3}$ $= -3$ $= \frac{1}{3}$ $= -3$

$LPQ^2 = (x_2 - x_1)^2 + (y_2 - y_1)^2$

$= [8 - 2]^2 + [5 - 3]^2$

$= (6)^2 + (2)^2$

$= 36 + 4$

$LPQ = \sqrt{40} \text{ units}$

$LQR^2 = (x_2 - x_1)^2 + (y_2 - y_1)^2$

$= [11 - 8]^2 + [-4 - 5]^2$

$= (3)^2 + (-9)^2$

$= 9 + 81$

$LQR = \sqrt{90} \text{ units}$

$LRS^2 = (x_2 - x_1)^2 + (y_2 - y_1)^2$

$= [11 - 5]^2 + [-4 - (-6)]^2$

$= (6)^2 + (2)^2$

$= 36 + 4$

$LRS = \sqrt{40} \text{ units}$

$LPS^2 = (x_2 - x_1)^2 + (y_2 - y_1)^2$

$= [5 - 2]^2 + [-6 - 3]^2$

$= [3]^2 + [-9]^2$

$= 9 + 81$

$LPS = \sqrt{90} \text{ units}$

Opposite sides are parallel & have equal length.
All corners are 90°
Not all 4 sides are equal length

\therefore Rectangle.

36. T(10, -3) Mtu = $\frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$
 U(-10, 9)
 V(-12, -5)
 $= \frac{-3 - 9}{10 - (-10)}$
 $= \frac{-12}{20}$
 $= -\frac{3}{5}$
 $m_{\perp} = \frac{5}{3}$

$y = mx + b$
 $y = -\frac{3}{5}x + 3$
 (got b from graph.)

$y = mx + b$
 $-5 = \frac{5}{3}(-12) + b$
 $-5 = -60/3 + b$
 $-5 = -20 + b$
 $b = 15$
 $y = \frac{5}{3}x + 15$

POI: $y = -\frac{3}{5}x + 3$ ①
 $y = \frac{5}{3}x + 15$ ②

V(-12, -5)
 POI $(-\frac{90}{17}, \frac{105}{17})$

base: $L_{tu}^2 = (x_2 - x_1)^2 + (y_2 - y_1)^2$
 $= [10 - (-10)]^2 + [-3 - 9]^2$
 $= (20)^2 + (-12)^2$
 $= \sqrt{544} \text{ units.}$

① x 5: $5y = -3x + 15$ ③
 ② x 3: $3y = 5x + 15$ ④
 ③ x 5: $25y = -15x + 75$ ⑤
 ④ x 3: $9y = 15x + 45$ ⑥
 ⑤ + ⑥
 $34y = 210$
 $y = \frac{210}{34}$
 $y = 105/17$

height: $L_{vp}^2 = (x_2 - x_1)^2 + (y_2 - y_1)^2$
 $= [-\frac{90}{17} - (-12)]^2 + [\frac{105}{17} - (-5)]^2$
 $= [-\frac{90}{17} + \frac{204}{17}]^2 + [\frac{105}{17} + \frac{85}{17}]^2$
 $= [\frac{114}{17}]^2 + [\frac{190}{17}]^2$
 $= \frac{12996}{289} + \frac{36100}{289}$
 $L_{vp} = \sqrt{\frac{49096}{289}} \text{ units}$

Sub $y = 105/17$ into ③
 $5(\frac{105}{17}) = -3x + 15$
 $\frac{525}{17} - \frac{255}{17} = -3x$
 $\frac{270}{17} = -3x$
 $\frac{270}{17} \cdot -\frac{1}{3} = -3x(-\frac{1}{3})$
 $-270/51 = x$
 $x = -\frac{90}{17}$

$A = \frac{bh}{2}$
 $= \frac{\sqrt{544} \cdot \sqrt{\frac{49096}{289}}}{2}$
 $= \frac{304}{2}$
 $= 152 \text{ units}^2$

$\therefore \text{POI} \left(-\frac{90}{17}, \frac{105}{17} \right)$

37. $A(-11, 2)$
 $B(-7, 8)$
 $C(3, 12)$

$$m_{AB} = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$$

$$= \frac{8 - 2}{-7 - (-11)}$$

$$= \frac{6}{4}$$

$$= 3/2$$

$$m_{\perp} = -2/3$$

$$m_{BC} = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$$

$$= \frac{12 - 8}{3 - (-7)}$$

$$= \frac{4}{10}$$

$$= 2/5$$

$$m_{\perp} = -5/2$$

$$M_{AB} = M\left(\frac{x_A + x_B}{2}, \frac{y_A + y_B}{2}\right)$$

$$= M\left(\frac{-11 + (-7)}{2}, \frac{2 + 8}{2}\right)$$

$$= M\left(\frac{-18}{2}, \frac{10}{2}\right)$$

$$= M(-9, 5)$$

$$M_{BC} = M\left(\frac{x_B + x_C}{2}, \frac{y_B + y_C}{2}\right)$$

$$= M\left(\frac{-7 + 3}{2}, \frac{8 + 12}{2}\right)$$

$$= M\left(\frac{-4}{2}, \frac{20}{2}\right)$$

$$= M(-2, 10)$$

$$y = mx + b$$

$$5 = -2/3(-9) + b$$

$$5 = 18/3 + b$$

$$5 = 6 + b$$

$$b = -1$$

$$y = -2/3x - 1$$

$$y = mx + b$$

$$10 = -5/2(-2) + b$$

$$10 = 10/2 + b$$

$$10 = 5 + b$$

$$b = 5$$

$$y = -5/2x + 5$$

POI: $y = -2/3x - 1$ (1)
 $y = -5/2x + 5$ (2)

(1) $\times 3$: $3y = -2x - 3$ (3)

(2) $\times 2$: $2y = -5x + 10$ (4)

(3) $\times 2$: $-6y = 4x + 6$ (5)

(4) $\times 3$: $6y = -15x + 30$ (6)

(5) + (6): $0 = -11x + 36$

$$11x = 36$$

$$x = \frac{36}{11}$$

Sub $x = 36/11$
 into (3)

$$3y = -2(36/11) - 3$$

$$3y = -72/11 - 3$$

$$3y = -72/11 - 33/11$$

$$3y = -105/11$$

$$3y \cdot 1/3 = -105/11 \cdot 1/3$$

$$y = -105/33$$

\therefore Centre of Circle is

$$\left(\frac{36}{11}, \frac{-105}{33}\right)$$

4. Complete the table below and then graph the functions on the grid provided.

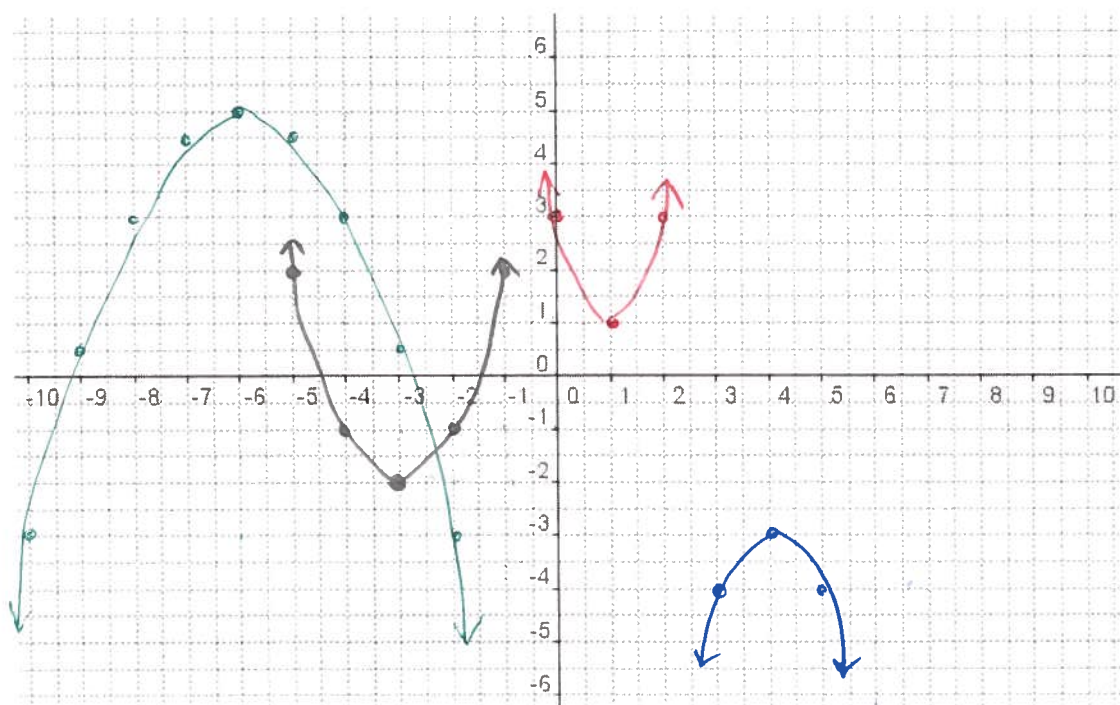
Equation	Vertex	Direction of Opening	Equation of the Axis of Symmetry	Maximum or Minimum Point	Maximum or Minimum Value
$y = (x+3)^2 - 2$	$(-3, -2)$	up	$x = -3$	min	$y = -2$
$y = -(x-4)^2 - 3$	$(4, -3)$	down	$x = 4$	max	$y = -3$
$y = 2(x-1)^2 + 1$	$(1, 1)$	up	$x = 1$	min	$y = 1$
$y = -\frac{1}{2}(x+6)^2 + 5$	$(-6, 5)$	down	$x = -6$	max	$y = 5$

a) $y = (x+3)^2 - 2$

b) $y = -(x-4)^2 - 3$

c) $y = 2(x-1)^2 + 1$

d) $y = -\frac{1}{2}(x+6)^2 + 5$



5. Complete the table below.

Equation	Domain	Range
$y = (x+3)^2 - 2$	$D = \{x \in \mathbb{R}\}$	$R = \{y \geq -2, y \in \mathbb{R}\}$
$y = -(x-4)^2 - 3$	$D = \{x \in \mathbb{R}\}$	$R = \{y \leq -3, y \in \mathbb{R}\}$
$y = 2(x-1)^2 + 1$	$D = \{x \in \mathbb{R}\}$	$R = \{y \geq 1, y \in \mathbb{R}\}$
$y = -\frac{1}{2}(x+6)^2 + 5$	$D = \{x \in \mathbb{R}\}$	$R = \{y \leq 5, y \in \mathbb{R}\}$

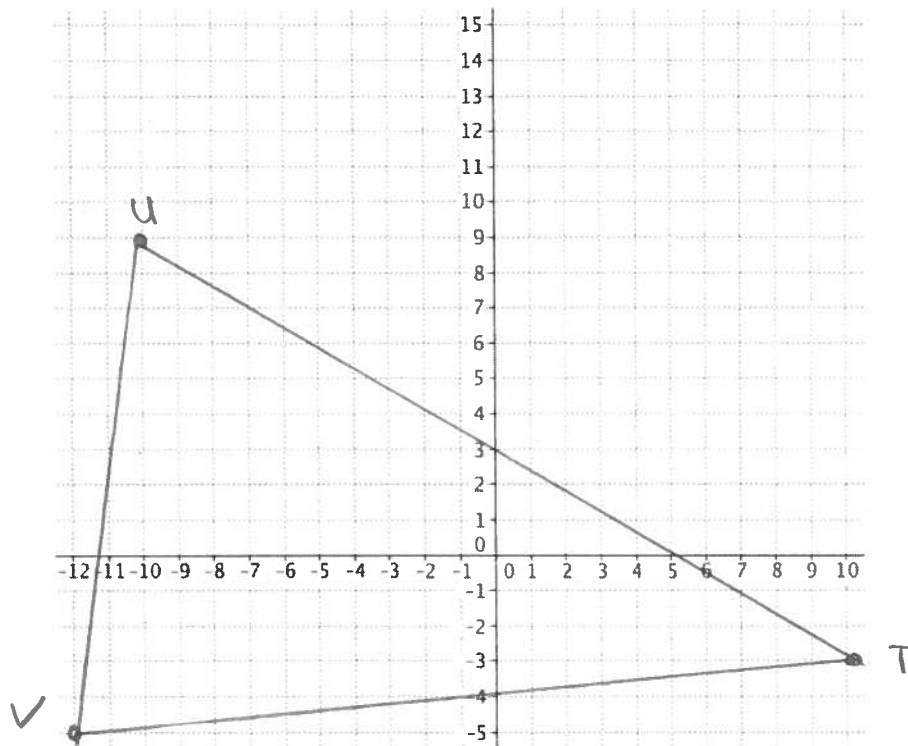
6. Write an equation for a quadratic relation that has a vertex $(3, -1)$ and has been vertically stretched by a factor of 2 and opens down.

34. Find the second endpoint of a line segment given the midpoint, M, and one endpoint, C.

- a. C (9, -10) and M (4, 8)
- b. C (-9, 7) and M (10, -3)

35. A quadrilateral PQRS has vertices P (2, 3), Q (8, 5), R (11, -4), and S (5, -6). Determine what type of quadrilateral PQRS is.

36. Determine the area of the triangle with vertices T (10, -3), U (-10, 9) and V (-12, -5).



37. Determine the centre of the circle that passes through A (-11, 2), B (-7, 8) and C (3, 12).

